



REALTY GROWTH

Second Quarter 2026 Investor Presentation

As of September 11, 2026



West Broad Village | Richmond, VA

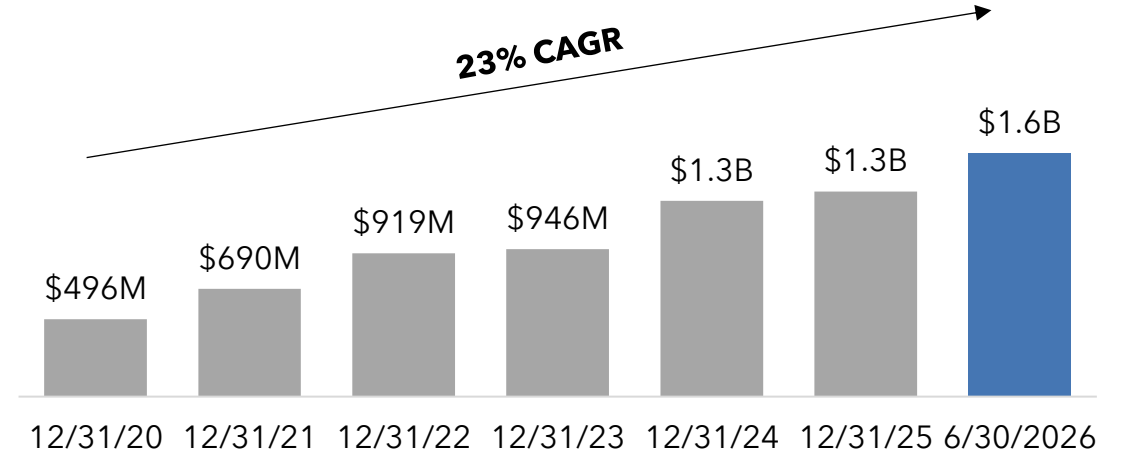
Highlights



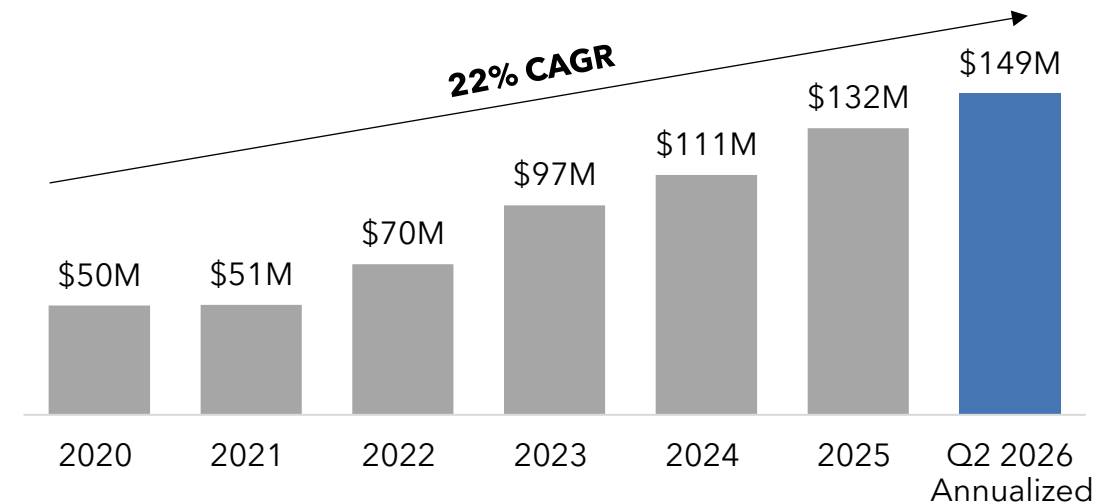
Q2 2026 Highlights

\$0.53	Core FFO Per Share
\$223	Implied property value per square foot
184,000	Square feet of comparable leasing activity
6%	Comparable leasing spread
87%	ABR from Georgia, Florida, North Carolina & Texas
95.4%	Leased Occupancy - 400 bps spread to 91.4% occupancy
\$6.3M	SNO Pipeline - 5.8% of in-place ABR
\$20.67	Cash ABR PSF
10.1%	Quarterly same-property NOI growth for shopping

Enterprise Value



Income Properties Revenues



As of June 30, 2026 unless otherwise noted. Metrics based on ABR represent cash ABR excluding the impact of straight-line rent.

Company Overview

Shopping center REIT focused on open-air centers in fast growing MSAs in the Southeast and Southwest

5.8M

Square Feet

87%

Of Portfolio ABR from **Georgia, Florida, Texas & North Carolina**

\$806M

Equity Market Cap

\$636M

Net Debt Outstanding

\$118M

Series A Preferred

\$1.6B

Enterprise Value

8.0%

Implied Cap Rate ¹

7.1%

Annualized Dividend Yield

\$1.7 billion

Total Acquisition Activity: 2020-Present ²

\$0.6 billion

Total Disposition Activity: 2020-Present ²



Collection at Forsyth
Atlanta, GA

Unless otherwise noted, metrics are as of June 30, 2026, and reflect a \$21.51 per share common stock price for CTO. Metrics based on ABR represent cash ABR excluding the impact of straight-line rent.

1. Based on metrics as of June 30, 2026 except for property value which is based on forward twelve months NOI estimate reduced by forecasted capital expenditures
2. Investment and disposition activity includes both properties and structured investments

Subsequent Event – Acquisition of Zona Rosa

Transaction Highlights

- **\$63.3 million** purchase price in September 2026
- **Basis of \$82 / SF**, well-below replacement cost
- **768,000-square foot mixed-use center** situated across 65 acres
- Multi-phase revitalization opportunity providing compelling initial yield and long-term return
- Embedded upside from leasing (currently 67% leased) and future value-add repositioning opportunities from **10 acres of entitled development land and ~100,000 square feet of underutilized space**
- Located near Kansas City International Airport in one of Kansas City's fastest-growing neighborhoods with strong demographics



Featured Tenants



BARNES & NOBLE



Burlington

DSW

SEPHORA

ANN TAYLOR

LOFT

Note: all metrics in the presentation except for this slide exclude the acquisition of Zona Rosa which happened after June 30, 2026.

Subsequent Event – Acquisition of Zona Rosa

Well-Located to Attract Visitors

- Located in one of Kansas City's fastest-growing neighborhoods
- Six miles from Kansas City International Airport, which recently completed a \$1.5 billion new terminal
- 5.5 million annual visits to Zona Rosa
- No comparable lifestyle center within a 20-minute drive

Supported by Strong Demographics

- 5-mile average household income of ~\$124,000
- 5-mile population of ~100,000



Note: all metrics in the presentation except for this slide exclude the acquisition of Zona Rosa which happened after June 30, 2026.

Multiple Avenues of Earnings Growth

Contractual Rent Growth

~1.8%

Estimated annual
portfolio average

Property Recycling

>100 bps

History of
recycling capital
out of low cap
rate, stabilized
assets and into
higher-yielding
investment
opportunities

Signed-Not- Open (SNO) Pipeline

\$6.3M

Primarily
recognized in
2027. New
comparable
leases historically
signed at double
digit rent
spreads

Outparcel Developments

10-12%

Low double-digit
return on capital
expected for 6
outparcel
developments

Structured Investments

11.7%

Weighted
average yield for
structured
investments
portfolio
representing
~15% of
undepreciated
assets

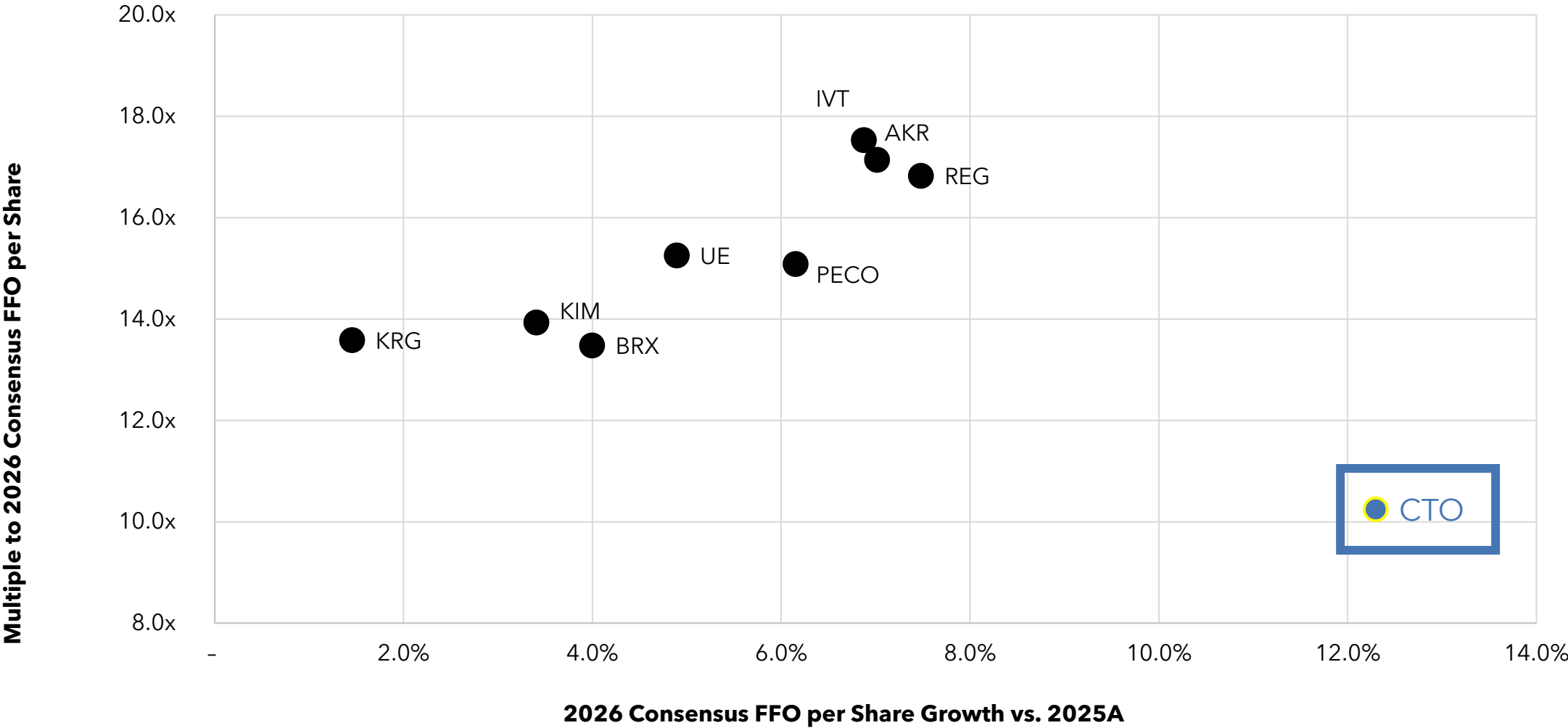
Management & Investment of NYSE: PINE

\$8.9M

Of annual
income and
dividends from
managing PINE,
representing a
\$0.4M increase
from annualized
Q2 results

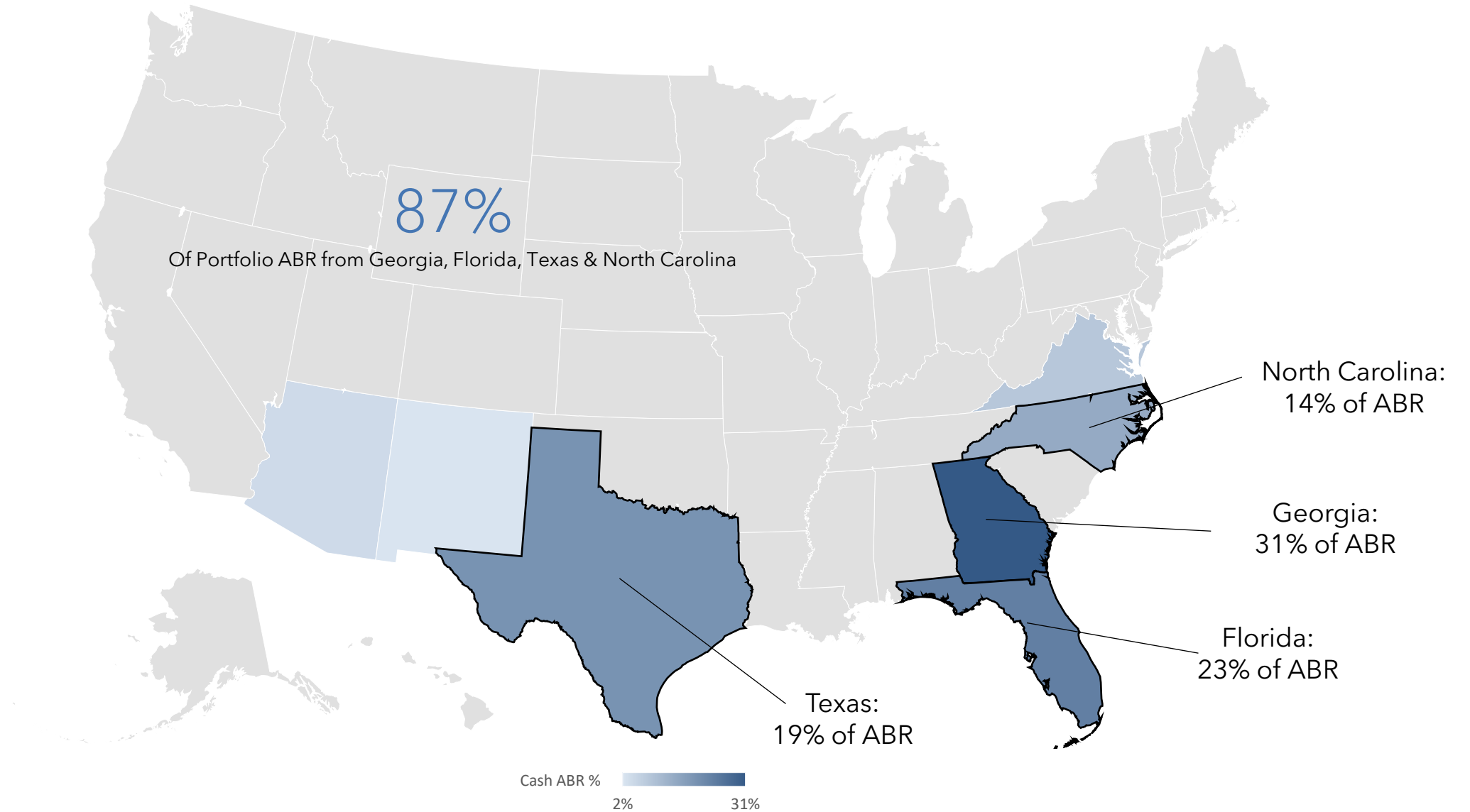
2026 FFO Growth vs. Valuation

Low Valuation Multiple and High FFO Growth



2026E FFO multiples are based on the closing stock price on June 30, 2026, and consensus 2026E FFO estimates per FactSet.

Focused on Southeast & Southwest U.S.



Percentages listed based on cash ABR excluding the impact of straight-line rent for the Company's portfolio as of June 30, 2026. Any differences a result of rounding.

Signed-Not-Open (SNO) Pipeline

SNO pipeline delivers tailwinds from executed leasing as leases commence

\$6.3M

cash base rent

400 bps

leased-to-occupied spread

5.8%

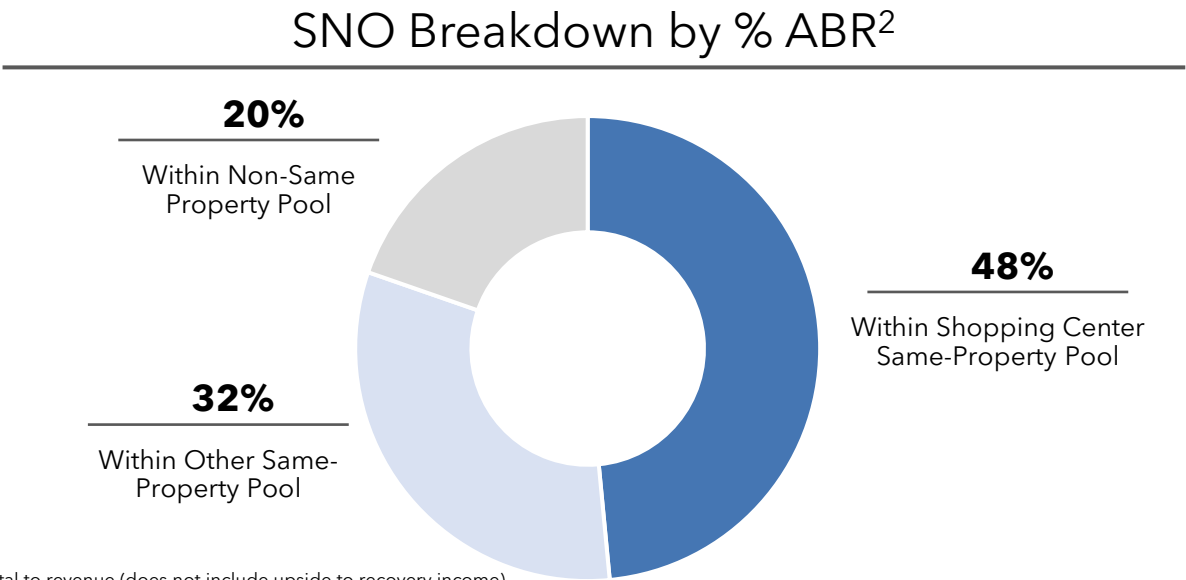
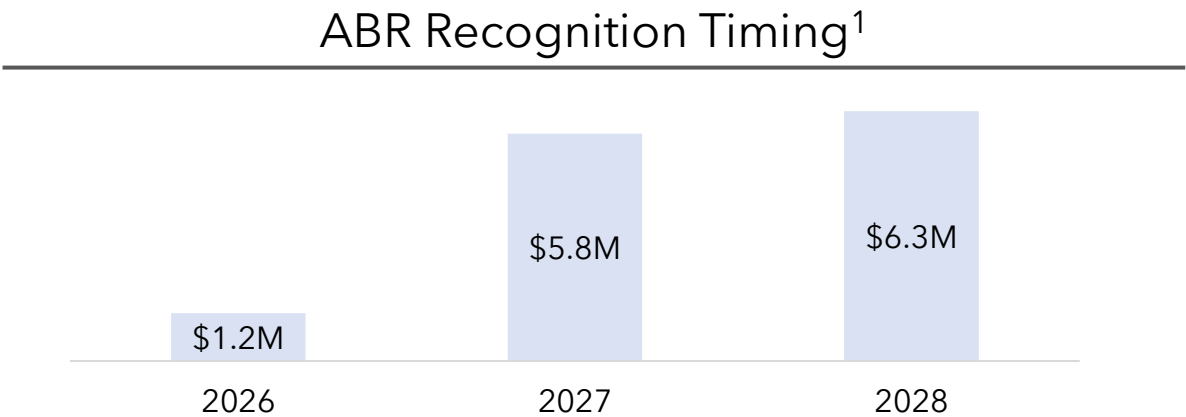
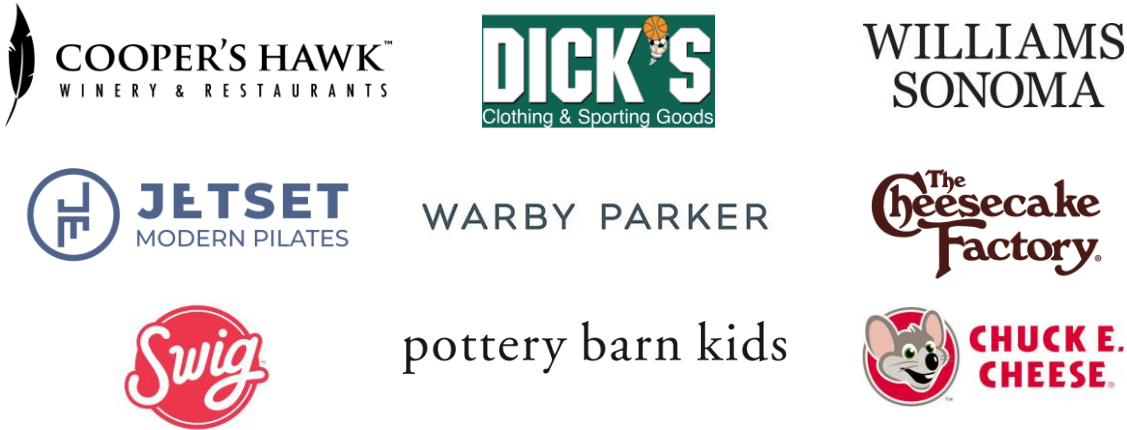
of in-place cash rent

\$26.07

SNO cash rent PSF

57%

cash base rent from anchor tenants



As of June 30, 2026 unless otherwise noted. Adjusts for any SNO leases that will be backfilling boxes inhabited as of June 30, 2026. All incremental to revenue (does not include upside to recovery income).

1. ABR Recognition Timing represents the percent of rent within the SNO pipeline that is expected to actually be recognized within each respective period.

2. Same-Store Pool is representative of quarterly pool.

Outparcel Opportunities

Six Outparcel Development Opportunities to Generate Blended Low Double-Digit Yield on Cost

- Average yield on cost of 10-12%¹
- ~\$30 million¹ of costs spread across 2026 & 2027
- Rent to begin commencing in mid-2027
- At LOI, lease negotiations or executed leases for all outparcels

Shopping Center	Market	Space
Collection at Forsyth 10 acres	Atlanta, GA	Big box - 40k SF & pad
Beaver Creek	Raleigh, NC	Small shops - 15k SF
West Broad Village	Richmond, VA	Small shops - 8k SF
Plaza at Rockwall	Dallas, TX	Small shops - 10k SF
Ashley Park <i>Lease Executed</i>	Atlanta, GA	Single tenant - 10k SF
Marketplace at Seminole <i>Lease Executed</i>	Orlando, FL	Drive-through



As of June 30, 2026

1. Excluding costs to purchase land

The projects listed above are actively underway. There is no guarantee that the Company will complete any or all of these projects, that the net estimated costs or expected NOI yields will be the amounts shown, or that stabilization will occur as anticipated. The net estimated costs, expected NOI yields, and anticipated stabilization dates are management's best estimates based on current information and may change over time. For more information, please refer to the "Risk Factors" section of the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2026.

Portfolio by Asset Type

Grocery-Anchored Retail



13%

38% if including shadow-anchored assets

Lifestyle



PANDORA



27%

Power Center



56%

High-Quality Demographics

190,000

Portfolio
5-Mile Population¹

\$137,000

Portfolio Average 5-Mile
Household Income¹

77%

% of ABR from ULI's
Top 30 Markets ¹



Rank	Market	Properties	SF (000s)	% ABR
1	Atlanta, GA	4	1,499	31%
2	Dallas, TX	2	596	9%
3	Charlotte, NC	1	694	9%
4	Richmond, VA	1	392	8%
5	Orlando, FL	3	452	8%
6	Fort Lauderdale, FL	1	509	7%
7	McAllen, TX	1	399	6%
8	Raleigh, NC	1	322	6%
9	Jacksonville, FL	1	211	5%
10	Phoenix, AZ	1	222	4%
11	Houston, TX	1	201	3%
12	Albuquerque, NM	1	212	2%
13	Tampa, FL	1	102	1%
14	Daytona, FL	2	12	1%
Total		21	5,823	100%



Denotes a MSA with over one million people
Bold denotes a Top 30 ULI Market

As of June 30, 2026 unless otherwise noted.

1. Source: Esri; Portfolio average weighted by the Annualized Cash Base Rent of each property.

Tenant Overview

Rank	Tenant	Credit Rating ¹	Leases	SF (000s)	ABR %
1	Dick's Sporting Goods	BBB	5	276	4%
2	Best Buy	BBB+	5	187	3%
3	AMC	CCC+	2	134	3%
4	Fidelity	BBB	2	122	2%
5	Ross/dd's Discount	A-	7	194	2%
6	Nordstrom Rack	BB	4	145	2%
7	Burlington	BB+	5	175	2%
8	TJ Maxx/HomeGoods/Marshalls	A	6	177	2%
9	Barnes & Noble	NR	4	102	2%
10	Southern University	NR	1	60	2%
11	Whole Foods Market	AA-	1	60	1%
12	Academy Sports & Outdoors	BB+	2	129	1%
13	PetSmart	B+	4	78	1%
14	Hobby Lobby	NR	2	110	1%
15	Regal Cinemas	NR	1	51	1%
16	Bob's Discount Furniture	NR	2	86	1%
17	DSW Shoe Warehouse	NR	4	69	1%
18	Onelife Fitness	NR	1	45	1%
19	Floor & Decor	BB	1	75	1%
20	Old Navy	BB+	3	59	1%
Top 20			62	2,334	34%



As of June 30, 2026

ABR metrics represent cash ABR excluding the impact of straight-line rent.

1. A credit rated, or investment grade rated tenant (rating of BBB-, Baa3 or NAIC-2 or higher) is a tenant or the parent of a tenant with a credit rating from S&P Global Ratings, Moody's Investors Service, Fitch Ratings or the National Association of Insurance Commissioners (NAIC).

Industry Composition

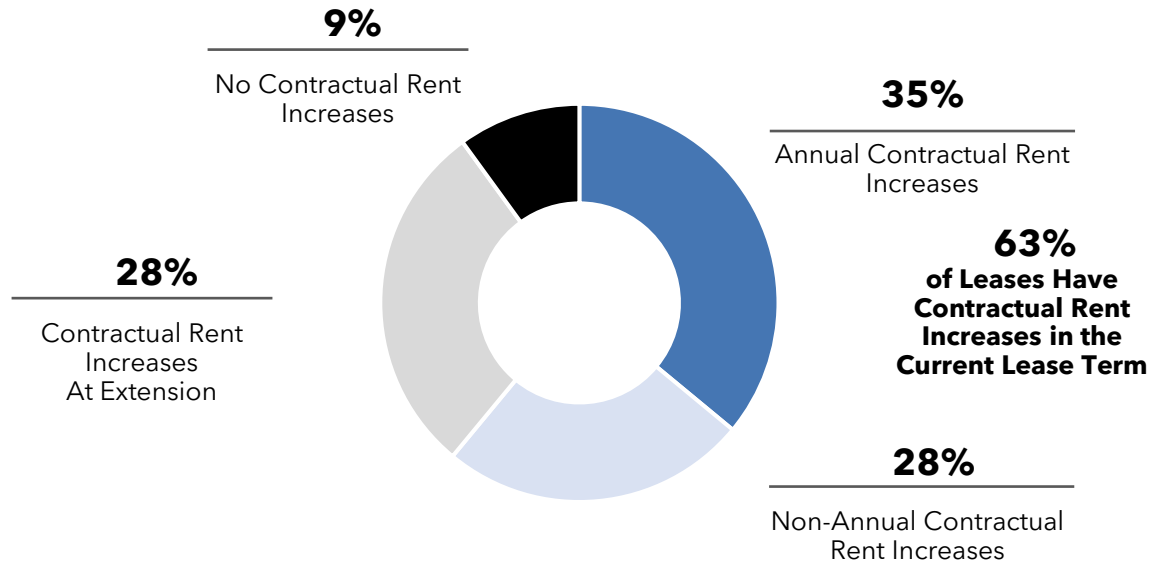
Rank	Industry	SF (000s)	ABR %
1	Casual Dining	353	12%
2	Off-Price Retail	764	10%
3	Apparel	349	7%
4	Entertainment	414	7%
5	Sporting Goods	471	7%
6	Specialty Retail	294	6%
7	Healthcare Services	188	6%
8	Beauty & Cosmetics	217	6%
9	Fast Casual Restaurant	139	5%
10	Consumer Electronics	244	5%
11	Health & Fitness	216	4%
12	Financial Services	189	4%
13	Home Furnishings	255	4%
14	Grocery	169	3%
15	Quick Service Restaurant	72	2%
Top 15		4,333	88%



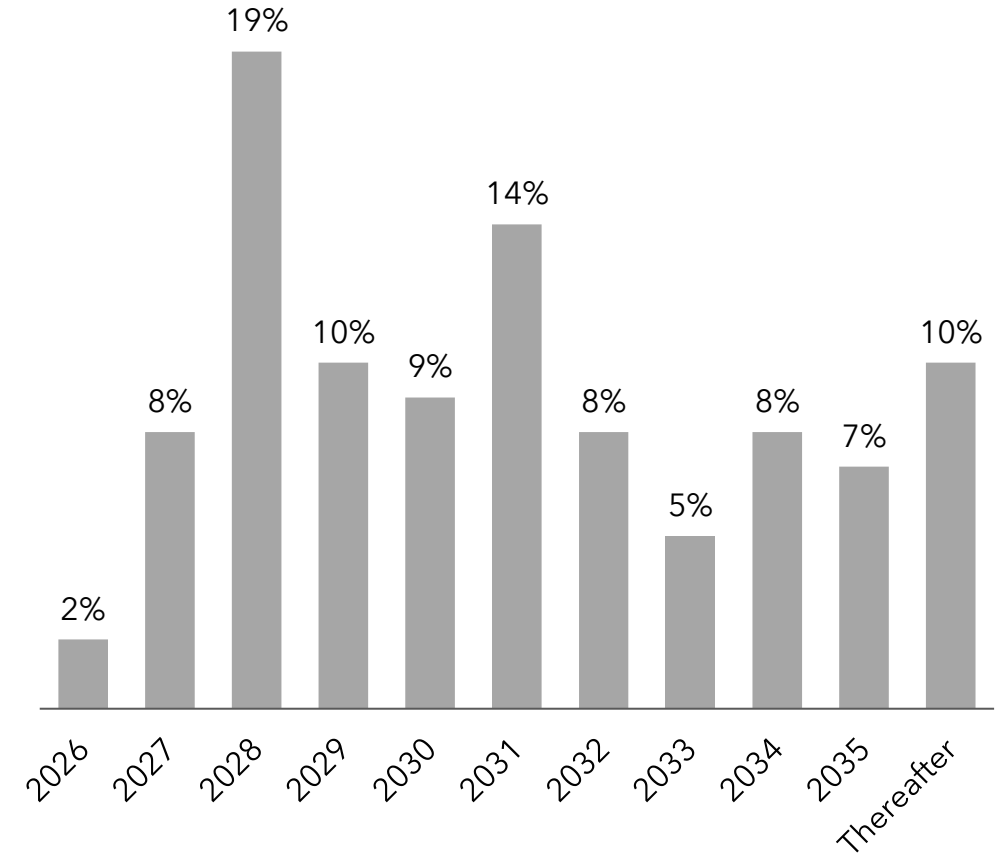
As of June 30, 2026
ABR represents cash ABR and excludes the effect of non-cash straight line rent

Contractual Rent Bumps & Lease Rollover Schedule

91% of Leases by ABR
Have Contractual Rent Bumps



Lease Rollover Schedule - % ABR



As of June 30, 2026. ABR metrics represent cash ABR excluding the impact of straight-line rent.

1. Percent of ABR from tenants or the parents of a tenant. A credit rated, or investment grade rated tenant (rating of BBB-, Baa3 or NAIC-2 or higher) is a tenant or the parent of a tenant with a credit rating from S&P Global Ratings, Moody's Investors Service, Fitch Ratings or the National Associated of Insurance Commissioners (NAIC).

Historical Leasing Upside Since Acquisition

	Beaver Creek Raleigh, NC	Collection at Forsyth Atlanta, GA	Plaza at Rockwall Dallas, TX	Marketplace at Seminole Orlando, FL
SF Leased Since Acquisition	284k	428k	151k	148k
Comparable SF Leased Since Acquisition	272k	363k	134k	145k
Cash Rent Spread	32%	14%	23%	48%
Q2 2026 Leased Occupancy	100%	93%	100%	99%
Occupancy Increase since Acquisition	300 bps	700 bps	500 bps	100 bps



As of June 30, 2026 unless otherwise noted.

Structured Investments Portfolio



Property	Type	Current Maturity	Current Yield	Current Face Amount (\$M)
Southwest Class A Retail Center	Retail Preferred Equity	April 2028	12.00%	\$75.8
Rivana	Land Development First Mortgage	September 2028	11.62% ²	\$44.1
Whole Foods Development - Northeast	Grocery-Anchored Retail Preferred Equity	October 2027	12.00% ³	\$21.5
Whole Foods Development - Forsyth, GA	Grocery-Anchored Retail First Mortgage	May 2027	12.15%	\$21.3
Founders Square	Office First Mortgage	March 2027	9.50%	\$15.0
Series A Preferred Investment	Entertainment Real Estate Preferred Equity	NA ¹	14.00%	\$10.0
Main Street	Retail First Mortgage	August 2030	6.50%	\$5.0
Total Structured Investments at Quarter End			11.69%	\$192.6
Mixed-Use Property	Mixed-Use First Mortgage	July 2028	9.75%	\$29.8
Total Structured Investments Pro Forma for July 2026 Origination			11.43%	\$222.4

As of June 30, 2026 unless noted otherwise.

1. The Series A Preferred Investment is not redeemable prior to July 11, 2029, except upon the occurrence of certain specified events.

2. Amounts funded prior to December 31, 2025 carry a coupon rate of 11.50%, while draws subsequent to that date have a 12.00% coupon rate, including 10.00% cash and 2.00% accrued paid-in-kind interest. The disclosed rate represents the weighted average coupon rate as of June 30, 2026.

3. Coupon rate is 9.00% cash and 3.00% paid-in-kind interest.

CTO generates ~\$8.9 million¹ of income & dividends managing Alpine Income Property Trust (NYSE: PINE)

As of June 30, 2026

Dividend Yield² **6.2%**

Implied Cap Rate 7.1%

Number of Properties 128

Number of States with a Property 31

Total Portfolio Square Feet 4.5M

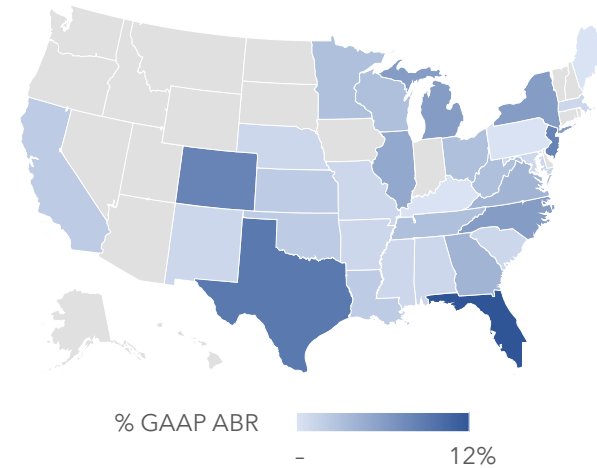
Annualized Base Rent \$50.0M

% of ABR from Investment Grade Rated Tenants 55%

% of ABR from Credit-Rated Tenants 68%

CTO Income from PINE Investment	Q3 2026 Run-Rate
Management Fee Income	\$5.7M
Dividend Income	\$3.2M
Total	\$8.9M

Diversified Geographic Footprint by ABR



High-Quality Top Tenancy



CTO's Ownership Interest in Alpine Income Property Trust

13.1%

CTO's Investment in Alpine Income Property Trust

\$51.3 Million

as of June 30, 2026
2.47 million shares and units at \$20.76 share price

1. Calculated using annualized Q2 2026 income
2. Based on PINE's \$20.76 per share common stock price as of June 30, 2026 and announced Q3 2026 dividend of \$0.32 per share.

Balance Sheet



\$132M

liquidity¹

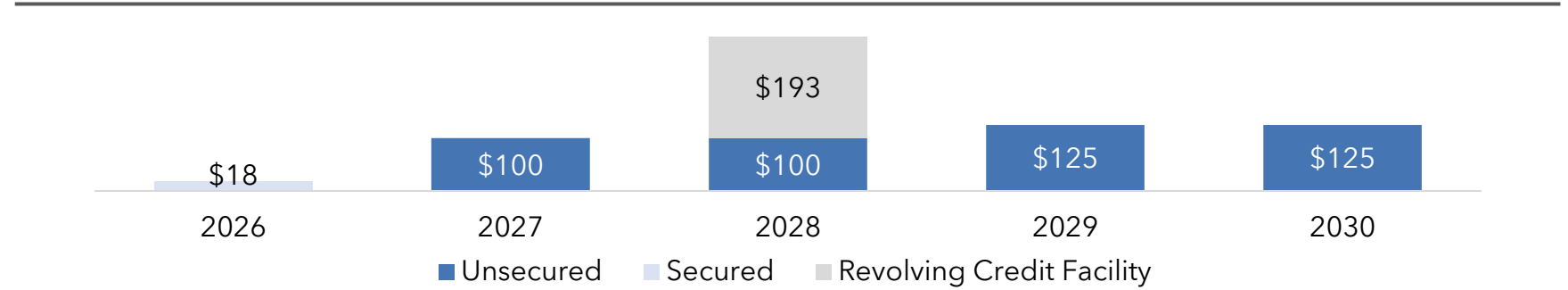
41%

net debt to total enterprise value (TEV)

5.8x

net debt to pro forma adjusted EBITDA

Fully Extended Debt Maturities (in millions)²



As of 6/30/2026

	Fixed/Float	Initial Loan Maturity ²	Weighted Average Rate ³	Principal
Price Plaza Mortgage	Fixed	Aug 2026	4.06%	\$18
Credit Facility	Fixed	Jan 2027	5.30%	50
Credit Facility	Floating	Jan 2027	5.13%	143
2027 Term Loan	Fixed	Jan 2027	2.80%	100
2028 Term Loan	Fixed	Jan 2028	5.18%	100
2029 Term Loan	Fixed	Sep 2029	4.67%	125
2030 Term Loan	Fixed	Sep 2030	4.69%	125
Total /Average			4.60%	\$661

As of June 30, 2026

1. As of June 30, 2026, the Company has \$107.0 million of undrawn commitments, prior to borrowing base limitations, on our Revolving Credit Facility, and \$24.8 million of cash on hand.

2. The Company's senior unsecured revolving credit facility initially matures in January 2027 and includes a one-year extension option to January 2028, subject to satisfaction of certain conditions.

3. Interest rates are comprised of Daily or Term SOFR (plus 10 bps for the Credit Facility, 2027 Term Loan and 2028 Term Loan) and a pricing spread based on leverage as defined in the related credit agreement. Fixed rates reflect SOFR swaps, see the latest Form 10-Q for more details regarding our SOFR swaps.

The Company's estimated Core FFO per diluted share and AFFO per diluted share for 2026 is as follows:

	<u>Current</u>	<u>Previous</u>
Core FFO Per Diluted Share ¹	\$2.09 to \$2.13	\$2.06 to \$2.11
<i>Growth at Guidance Mid-Point vs. 2025A</i>	<i>12.8%</i>	
AFFO Per Diluted Share ¹	\$2.21 to \$2.25	\$2.19 to \$2.24
<i>Growth at Guidance Mid-Point vs. 2025A</i>	<i>13.2%</i>	

The Company's 2026 guidance includes but is not limited to the following assumptions:

	<u>Current</u>	<u>Previous</u>
Investments (in millions)	\$300 to \$400	\$175 to \$250
Same-Property NOI Growth for Shopping Centers ²	5.0% to 6.0%	3.5% to 4.5%
General and Administrative Expenses (in millions)	\$20.0 to \$20.2	\$19.7 to \$20.2

\$ and shares outstanding in millions, except per share data.

1. See reconciliation of our 2026 Core FFO and AFFO guidance to Net Income Attributable to the Company, per diluted share, in our Earnings Release on page 4.

2. Includes the effects of bad debt expense, occupancy loss and costs associated with tenants in bankruptcy and/or tenant lease defaults. Before potential impact from income producing acquisitions and dispositions.

Experienced Management Team



John P. Albright

President & Chief Executive Officer

- Former Co-Head and Managing Director of Archon Capital, a Goldman Sachs Company; Executive Director of Merchant Banking – Investment Management at Morgan Stanley; and Managing Director of Crescent Real Estate (NYSE: CEI)

Philip R. Mays

Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer & Treasurer

- Former Chief Financial Officer & Treasurer of Shadowbox Studios; EVP, Chief Financial Officer & Treasurer of Cedar Realty; and Vice President and Chief Accounting Officer of Federal Realty (NYSE: FRT)

Lisa M. Vorakoun

Senior Vice President & Chief Accounting Officer

- Former Assistant Finance Director of the City of DeLand, Florida and Audit Manager for James Moore & Company, an Accounting and Consulting Firm

Alexander M. Gordon

Vice President, Leasing & Investments

- Former Senior Associate, Brokerage & Retail Advisory Services at CBRE (NYSE: CBRE)

Steven R. Greathouse

Senior Vice President & Chief Investment Officer

- Former Director of Finance for N3 Real Estate; Senior Associate of Merchant Banking – Investment Management at Morgan Stanley; and Senior Associate at Crescent Real Estate (NYSE: CEI)

Daniel E. Smith

Senior Vice President, General Counsel & Corporate Secretary

- Former Vice President and Associate General Counsel of Goldman Sachs & Co. and Senior Vice President and General Counsel of Crescent Real Estate (NYSE: CEI)

Matt J. Trau

Vice President, Investments

- Former Senior Director of Transactions at ShopCore Properties; Senior Associate of Transactions at DDR Corp (currently Site Centers NYSE: SITC)

Aaron M. Johnson

Vice President, Investments

- Former Senior Vice President, Transactions at Westwood Financial; Managing Principal, Investment Properties Group at SRS Real Estate Partners; and Director, Capital Markets at HFF/JLL (NYSE: JLL)

Forward Looking Statements & Non-GAAP Financial Measures



Forward Looking Statements

Certain statements contained in this presentation (other than statements of historical fact) are forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Forward-looking statements can typically be identified by words such as "outlook," "guidance," "believe," "estimate," "expect," "intend," "anticipate," "will," "could," "may," "should," "plan," "potential," "predict," "forecast," "project," and similar expressions, as well as variations or negatives of these words.

Although forward-looking statements are made based upon management's present expectations and beliefs concerning future developments and their potential effect upon the Company, a number of factors could cause the Company's actual results to differ materially from those set forth in the forward-looking statements. Such factors may include, but are not limited to: the Company's ability to remain qualified as a REIT; the Company's exposure to U.S. federal and state income tax law changes, including changes to the REIT requirements; general adverse economic and real estate conditions; macroeconomic and geopolitical factors, including but not limited to inflationary pressures, interest rate volatility, ongoing geopolitical war, distress in the banking sector, and global supply chain disruptions; credit risk associated with the Company investing in commercial loans, preferred equity, and similarly structured investments; the ultimate geographic spread, severity and duration of pandemics, actions that may be taken by governmental authorities to contain or address the impact of such pandemics, and the potential negative impacts of such pandemics on the global economy and the Company's financial condition and results of operations; the inability of major tenants or borrowers to continue paying their rent or obligations due to bankruptcy, insolvency or a general downturn in their business; the loss or failure, or decline in the business or assets of PINE; the completion of 1031 exchange transactions; the availability of investment properties that meet the Company's investment goals and criteria; the uncertainties associated with obtaining required governmental permits and satisfying other closing conditions for planned acquisitions and sales; and the uncertainties and risk factors discussed in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2025 and other risks and uncertainties discussed from time to time in the Company's filings with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission.

There can be no assurance that future developments will be in accordance with management's expectations or that the effect of future developments on the Company will be those anticipated by management. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date of this presentation. The Company undertakes no obligation to update the information contained in this press release to reflect subsequently occurring events or circumstances.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

Our reported results are presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"). We also disclose Funds From Operations ("FFO"), Core Funds From Operations ("Core FFO"), Adjusted Funds From Operations ("AFFO"), Pro Forma Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization ("Pro Forma Adjusted EBITDA"), and Same-Property Net Operating Income ("Same-Property NOI"), each of which are non-GAAP financial measures. We believe these non-GAAP financial measures are useful to investors because they are widely accepted industry measures used by analysts and investors to compare the operating performance of REITs.

FFO, Core FFO, AFFO, Pro Forma Adjusted EBITDA, and Same-Property NOI do not represent cash generated from operating activities and are not necessarily indicative of cash available to fund cash requirements; accordingly, they should not be considered alternatives to net income as a performance measure or cash flows from operating activities as reported on our statement of cash flows as a liquidity measure and should be considered in addition to, and not in lieu of, GAAP financial measures.

We compute FFO in accordance with the definition adopted by the Board of Governors of the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts, or NAREIT.

NAREIT defines FFO as GAAP net income or loss adjusted to exclude real estate related depreciation and amortization, as well as extraordinary items (as defined by GAAP) such as net gain or loss from sales of depreciable real estate assets, impairment write-downs associated with depreciable real estate assets and impairments associated with the current expected credit losses on commercial loans and investments at the time of origination and repayment, including the pro rata share of such adjustments of unconsolidated subsidiaries. The Company also excludes the gains or losses from sales of assets incidental to the primary business of the REIT which specifically include the sales of investment securities (which are presented net of income tax expense or benefit, if applicable), in addition to the mark-to-market of the Company's investment securities. To derive Core FFO, we modify the NAREIT computation of FFO to include other adjustments to GAAP net income related to gains and losses recognized on the extinguishment of debt, amortization of above- and below-market lease related intangibles, and other unforecastable market- or transaction-driven non-cash items.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

Non-GAAP Financial Measures (continued)

To derive AFFO, we further modify the NAREIT computation of FFO and Core FFO to include other adjustments to GAAP net income related to non-cash revenues and expenses such as straight-line rental revenue, non-cash compensation, and other non-cash amortization. Such items may cause short-term fluctuations in net income but have no impact on operating cash flows or long-term operating performance. We use AFFO as one measure of our performance when we formulate corporate goals.

To derive Pro Forma Adjusted EBITDA, GAAP net income or loss attributable to the Company is adjusted to exclude real estate related depreciation and amortization, as well as extraordinary items (as defined by GAAP) such as net gain or loss from sales of depreciable real estate assets, impairment write-downs associated with depreciable real estate assets, impairments associated with the current expected credit losses on commercial loans and investments at the time of origination and repayment, including the pro rata share of such adjustments of unconsolidated subsidiaries, non-cash revenues and expenses such as straight-line rental revenue, amortization of deferred financing costs, gains and losses recognized on the extinguishment of debt, above- and below-market lease related intangibles, non-cash compensation, other non-recurring items such as termination fees, forfeitures of tenant security deposits, and other non-recurring items, and other non-cash income or expense. The Company also excludes the gains or losses from sales of assets incidental to the primary business of the REIT which specifically include the sales of investment securities (which are presented net of income tax expense or benefit, if applicable), in addition to the mark-to-market of the Company's investment securities. Cash interest expense is also excluded from Pro Forma Adjusted EBITDA, and GAAP net income or loss is adjusted for the annualized impact of acquisitions, dispositions and other similar activities.

To derive Same-Property NOI, GAAP net income or loss attributable to the Company is adjusted to exclude real estate related depreciation and amortization, as well as extraordinary items (as defined by GAAP) such as net gain or loss from sales of depreciable real estate assets, impairment write-downs associated with depreciable real estate assets, impairments associated with the current expected credit losses on commercial loans and investments at the time of origination and repayment, including the pro rata share of such adjustments of unconsolidated subsidiaries, non-cash revenues and expenses such as straight-line rental revenue, amortization of deferred financing costs, gains and losses recognized on the extinguishment of debt, above- and below-market lease related intangibles, non-cash compensation, other non-recurring items such as termination fees, forfeitures of tenant security deposits, and other non-recurring items, and other non-cash income or expense. Interest expense, general and administrative expenses, investment and other income or loss, income tax benefit or expense, management fee income, and interest income from commercial loans and investments are also excluded from Same-Property NOI. GAAP net income or loss is further adjusted to remove the impact of properties that were not owned for the full current and prior year reporting periods presented. Cash rental income received under the leases pertaining to the Company's assets that are presented as commercial loans and investments in accordance with GAAP is also used in lieu of the interest income equivalent.

FFO is used by management, investors and analysts to facilitate meaningful comparisons of operating performance between periods and among our peers primarily because it excludes the effect of real estate depreciation and amortization and net gains or losses on sales, which are based on historical costs and implicitly assume that the value of real estate diminishes predictably over time, rather than fluctuating based on existing market conditions. We believe that Core FFO and AFFO are additional useful supplemental measures for investors to consider because they will help them to better assess our operating performance without the distortions created by other non-cash revenues or expenses. We also believe that Pro Forma Adjusted EBITDA is an additional useful supplemental measure for investors to consider as it allows for a better assessment of our operating performance without the distortions created by other non-cash revenues, expenses or certain effects of the Company's capital structure on our operating performance. We use Same-Property NOI to compare the operating performance of our assets between periods. It is an accepted and important measurement used by management, investors and analysts because it includes all property-level revenues from the Company's properties, less operating and maintenance expenses, real estate taxes and other property-specific expenses ("Net Operating Income" or "NOI") of properties that have been owned and stabilized for the entire current and prior year reporting periods. Same-Property NOI attempts to eliminate differences due to the acquisition or disposition of properties during the particular period presented, and therefore provides a more comparable and consistent performance measure for the comparison of the Company's properties. FFO, Core FFO, AFFO, Pro Forma Adjusted EBITDA, and Same-Property NOI may not be comparable to similarly titled measures employed by other companies.

References and terms used in this presentation that are in addition to terms defined in the Non-GAAP Financial Measures include:

- This presentation was published on September 11, 2026.
- All information is as of June 30, 2026, unless otherwise noted. Slides 4 and 5 of this presentation include information related to the Zona Rosa acquisition, which was completed after June 30, 2026.
- Any calculation differences are assumed to be a result of rounding.
- "2026 Guidance" in this presentation is based on the 2026 Guidance provided in the Company's Second Quarter 2026 Operating Results press release filed on July 28, 2026.
- "Alpine" or "PINE" refers to Alpine Income Property Trust, a publicly traded net lease REIT traded on the New York Stock Exchange under the ticker symbol PINE.
- "Annualized Base Rent", "ABR" or "Rent" and the statistics based on ABR are calculated based on the current portfolio and represent straight-line rent calculated in accordance with GAAP.
- "Annualized Cash Base Rent", "Cash ABR" and the statistics based on Cash ABR are calculated based on the current portfolio and represent the annualized cash base rent calculated in accordance with GAAP due from the tenants at a specific point in time.
- "Credit Rated" is a tenant or the parent of a tenant with a credit rating from S&P Global Ratings, Moody's Investors Service, Fitch Ratings or the National Association of Insurance Commissioners (NAIC) (together, the "Major Rating Agencies"). The Company defines an Investment Grade Rated Tenant as a tenant or the parent of a tenant with a credit rating from S&P Global Ratings, Moody's Investors Service, Fitch Ratings or the National Association of Insurance Commissioners of Baa3, BBB-, or NAIC-2 or higher. If applicable, in the event of a split rating between S&P Global Ratings and Moody's Investors Services, the Company utilizes the higher of the two ratings as its reference point as to whether a tenant is defined as an Investment Grade Rated Tenant.
- "Dividend" or "Dividends", subject to the required dividends to maintain the Company's qualification as a REIT, are set by the Board of Directors and declared on a quarterly basis and there can be no assurances as to the likelihood or number of dividends in the future.
- "Investment in Alpine Income Property Trust" or "Alpine Investment" or "PINE Ownership" is calculated based on the 2,471,556 common shares and partnership units CTO owns in PINE and is based on PINE's closing stock price as of the referenced period on the respective slide.
- "Leased Occupancy" refers to space that is currently leased but for which rent payments have not yet commenced.
- "MSA" or "Metropolitan Statistical Area" is a region that consists of a city and surrounding communities that are linked by social and economic factors, as established by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget. The names of the MSA have been shortened for ease of reference.
- "Net Debt" is calculated as total long-term debt as presented on the face of the balance sheet; plus financing costs, net of accumulated amortization and unamortized convertible debt discount; less cash, restricted cash and cash equivalents.
- "Net Operating Income" or "NOI" is revenues from all income properties less operating expense, maintenance expense, real estate taxes and rent expense.
- "Total Enterprise Value" is calculated as the Company's Total Common Shares Outstanding multiplied by the common stock price; plus the par value of the Series A perpetual preferred equity outstanding and Net Debt.

Consolidated Statements of Operations



(Unaudited, in thousands, except share, per share and dividend data)

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
Revenues				
Income Properties	\$ 37,136	\$ 33,375	\$ 73,716	\$ 65,047
Management Fee Income	1,466	1,247	2,815	2,425
Interest Income From Commercial Loans and Investments	5,229	3,016	8,473	5,977
Total Revenues	43,831	37,638	85,004	73,449
Direct Cost of Revenues				
Income Properties	(11,126)	(10,178)	(21,294)	(19,069)
Total Direct Cost of Revenues	(11,126)	(10,178)	(21,294)	(19,069)
General and Administrative Expenses	(4,630)	(4,448)	(9,707)	(9,131)
Provision for Impairment and Adjustment to CECL Reserve	(1,084)	–	(763)	–
Depreciation and Amortization	(15,847)	(15,294)	(31,803)	(29,658)
Total Operating Expenses	(32,687)	(29,920)	(63,567)	(57,858)
Gain on Disposition of Assets	2,107	–	2,107	–
Loss on Extinguishment of Debt	–	(20,396)	–	(20,396)
Other Gain (Loss)	2,107	(20,396)	2,107	(20,396)
Total Operating Income (Loss)	13,251	(12,678)	23,544	(4,805)
Investment and Other Income (Loss)	10,765	(3,687)	14,008	(3,112)
Interest Expense	(7,783)	(6,859)	(15,054)	(12,995)
Income (Loss) Before Income Tax Expense	16,233	(23,224)	22,498	(20,912)
Income Tax Expense	(1,121)	(194)	(1,181)	(245)
Net Income (Loss) Attributable to the Company	15,112	(23,418)	21,317	(21,157)
Distributions to Preferred Stockholders	(1,878)	(1,878)	(3,756)	(3,756)
Net Income (Loss) Attributable to Common Stockholders	\$ 13,234	\$ (25,296)	\$ 17,561	\$ (24,913)
Per Share Information:				
Basic and Diluted Net Income (Loss) Attributable to Common Stockholders	\$ 0.38	\$ (0.77)	\$ 0.52	\$ (0.78)
Weighted Average Number of Common Shares				
Basic	34,988,612	32,678,771	33,760,706	32,118,982
Diluted	35,024,642	32,727,831	33,788,343	32,174,574
Dividends Declared and Paid - Preferred Stock	\$ 0.40	\$ 0.40	\$ 0.80	\$ 0.80
Dividends Declared and Paid - Common Stock	\$ 0.38	\$ 0.38	\$ 0.76	\$ 0.76

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

(Unaudited, in thousands, except per share data)

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
Net Income (Loss) Attributable to the Company	\$ 15,112	\$ (23,418)	\$ 21,317	\$ (21,157)
Adjustments:				
Depreciation and Amortization of Real Estate	15,831	15,277	31,769	29,623
Gain on Disposition of Assets	(2,107)	—	(2,107)	—
Provision for Impairment and Adjustment to CECL Reserve	1,084	—	763	—
Realized and Unrealized Loss (Gain) on Investment Securities, Net of Income Tax	(8,905)	4,549	(11,008)	4,714
Funds from Operations	\$ 21,015	\$ (3,592)	\$ 40,734	\$ 13,180
Distributions to Preferred Stockholders	(1,878)	(1,878)	(3,756)	(3,756)
Funds From Operations Attributable to Common Stockholders	\$ 19,137	\$ (5,470)	\$ 36,978	\$ 9,424
Adjustments:				
Loss on Extinguishment of Debt	—	20,396	—	20,396
Amortization of Intangibles to Lease Income	(699)	(267)	(1,609)	(716)
Core Funds From Operations Attributable to Common Stockholders	\$ 18,438	\$ 14,659	\$ 35,369	\$ 29,104
Adjustments:				
Straight-Line Rent Adjustment	(423)	(712)	(863)	(1,285)
Other Depreciation and Amortization	(2)	(1)	(2)	(2)
Amortization of Loan Costs, Discount on Convertible Debt, and Capitalized Interest	6	318	347	685
Non-Cash Compensation	1,116	1,003	2,522	2,286
Adjusted Funds From Operations Attributable to Common Stockholders	\$ 19,135	\$ 15,267	\$ 37,373	\$ 30,788
FFO Attributable to Common Stockholders per Common Share - Diluted	\$ 0.55	\$ (0.17)	\$ 1.09	\$ 0.29
Core FFO Attributable to Common Stockholders per Common Share - Diluted	\$ 0.53	\$ 0.45	\$ 1.05	\$ 0.90
AFFO Attributable to Common Stockholders per Common Share - Diluted	\$ 0.55	\$ 0.47	\$ 1.11	\$ 0.96
Supplemental Disclosure:				
PIK Interest Earned	\$ 125	\$ —	\$ 133	\$ —
PIK Interest Paid	—	—	—	—
PIK Interest Earned in Excess of PIK Interest Paid	\$ 125	\$ —	\$ 133	\$ —

Same-Property NOI Reconciliation

(Unaudited, in thousands)

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
Net Income (Loss) Attributable to the Company	\$ 15,112	\$ (23,418)	\$ 21,317	\$ (21,157)
Gain on Disposition of Assets	(2,107)	—	(2,107)	—
Loss on Extinguishment of Debt	—	20,396	—	20,396
Provision for Impairment and Adjustment to CECL Reserve	1,084	—	763	—
Depreciation and Amortization	15,847	15,294	31,803	29,658
Amortization of Intangibles to Lease Income	699	267	1,609	716
Straight-Line Rent Adjustment	423	712	863	1,285
Accretion of Tenant Contribution	13	13	26	26
Interest Expense	7,783	6,859	15,054	12,995
General and Administrative Expenses	4,630	4,448	9,707	9,131
Investment and Other Income	(10,765)	3,687	(14,008)	3,112
Income Tax Expense	1,121	194	1,181	245
Management Fee Income	(1,466)	(1,247)	(2,815)	(2,425)
Interest Income From Commercial Loans and Investments	(5,229)	(3,016)	(8,473)	(5,977)
Other Non-Recurring Items ⁽¹⁾	(164)	(97)	(765)	(207)
Less: Impact of Properties Not Owned for the Full Reporting Period	(5,982)	(4,418)	(16,151)	(11,441)
Same-Property NOI	\$ 20,999	\$ 19,674	\$ 38,004	\$ 36,357
Less: Same Property NOI for Other Properties	(703)	(1,242)	(1,261)	(2,406)
Same-Property NOI for Shopping Centers	\$ 20,296	\$ 18,432	\$ 36,743	\$ 33,951

1. Includes non-recurring items such as termination fees, forfeitures of tenant security deposits, and other non-recurring items.

Net Debt to Pro Forma Adjusted EBITDA

(Unaudited, in thousands)

		Three Months Ended June 30, 2026
Net Income Attributable to the Company	\$	15,112
Depreciation and Amortization of Real Estate		15,831
Gain on Disposition of Assets		(2,107)
Provision for Impairment and Adjustment to CECL Reserve		1,084
Unrealized Gain & Realized Loss on Investment Securities, Net of Income Tax		(8,905)
Distributions to Preferred Stockholders		(1,878)
Amortization of Intangibles to Lease Income		(699)
Straight-Line Rent Adjustment		(423)
Other Depreciation and Amortization		(2)
Amortization of Loan Costs and Capitalized Interest		6
Non-Cash Compensation		1,116
Other Non-Recurring Items ⁽¹⁾		(164)
Interest Expense, Net of Amortization of Loan Costs		7,777
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	26,748
Annualized Adjusted EBITDA	\$	106,992
Pro Forma Annualized Impact of Current Quarter Investments and Dispositions, Net ⁽²⁾		2,550
Pro Forma Adjusted EBITDA	\$	109,542
Total Long-Term Debt	\$	658,705
Financing Costs, Net of Accumulated Amortization		2,095
Cash and Cash Equivalents		(8,056)
Restricted Cash ⁽³⁾		(16,761)
Net Debt	\$	635,983
Net Debt to Pro Forma Adjusted EBITDA		5.8 x

1. Includes non-recurring items such as termination fees, forfeitures of tenant security deposits, and other non-recurring items.

2. Reflects the pro forma annualized impact on Annualized Adjusted EBITDA of the Company's investments and disposition activity during the three months ended June 30, 2026.

3. Includes restricted cash to be reinvested through the like-kind exchange structure.

